AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by:

WHITE & ASSOCIATES, PSC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paris Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paris Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paris Independent School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Paris Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paris Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paris Independent School District's
 ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Paris Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2024, on our consideration of the Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky January 22, 2024

As management of the Paris Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning balance for the General Fund was \$363,993, the ending fund balance was \$415,253.
- The District constructs and renovates facilities with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and the Kentucky Department of Education's (KDE) stringent compliance regulations.
- The District continues to have strong financial position.
- The General Fund had \$8.46 million in revenue, including other financing sources and on behalf payments made by the state, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utility, and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$8.41 million in General Fund expenditures including other financing uses.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The

governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Paris Independent Schools, liabilities exceeded assets by \$2,245,390 for Governmental Activities and \$5,857 for Business Type Activities as of June 30, 2023. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The 2023 government-wide net position compared to 2022 is as follows:

Table 1
Net Position
\$ (in Millions)

	G	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities						Tota	Totals			
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>
Current assets	\$	2.71	\$	13.00	\$	0.11	\$	0.12	\$	2.82	\$	13.12
Non-current assets		10.06		10.84		-		-		10.06		10.84
Total assets		12.77		23.84		0.11		0.12		12.88		23.96
Deferred outflows		1.54		3.42		0.03		0.08		1.57		3.50
Current liabilities		0.70		1.06		-		-		0.70		1.06
Non-current liabilities		14.31		26.63		0.11		0.17		14.42		26.80
Total liabilities		15.01		27.69		0.11		0.17		15.12		27.86
Deferred inflows		1.78		1.82		0.03		0.03		1.81		1.85
Net position:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of debt		0.13		(9.32)		0.01		-		0.14		(9.32)
Restricted		1.96		11.87		-		0.01		1.96		11.88
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4.57)		(4.80)		-		(0.01)		(4.57)		(4.81)
Total net position	\$	(2.48)	\$	(2.25)	\$	0.01	\$	-	\$	(2.47)	\$	(2.25)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Ending net position was (\$2.25) million for the District. This was an increase of \$233,377 from last year.

See schedule on the next page

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

										То			Total Percentage
		overnment			Business-Type Activities					School		Change	
	2	2022	2	<u>2023</u>		022	<u>2023</u>		2	2022	4	<u> 2023</u>	<u>2022-2023</u>
Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	0.28	\$	0.59	\$	0.02	\$	0.04	\$	0.30	\$	0.63	110%
Operating grants and contributions		6.01		5.51		0.61		0.69		6.62		6.20	-6%
Capital grants and contributions		0.77		0.86		-		-		0.77		0.86	12%
General revenues		5.51		5.72		-		(0.03)		5.51		5.69	3%
Total revenue		12.57		12.68		0.63		0.70		13.20		13.38	1%
Expenses:													
Instruction	\$	7.48	\$	7.25	\$	_	\$	-	\$	7.48	\$	7.25	-3%
Student		0.44		0.31		-		-		0.44		0.31	-30%
Instructional staff		0.39		0.82		-		-		0.39		0.82	110%
District administration		0.42		0.35		-		-		0.42		0.35	-17%
School administration		0.81		0.86		-		-		0.81		0.86	6%
Business		0.57		0.67		_		-		0.57		0.67	18%
Plant operation & maintenance		0.92		0.78		_		-		0.92		0.78	-15%
Student transportation		0.25		0.34		-		-		0.25		0.34	36%
Community services operations		0.12		0.10		-		-		0.12		0.10	-17%
Building improvements		-		0.29		-		-		-		0.29	
Other facilities		-		0.01		-		-		-		0.01	
Food Service Operations		-		-		0.52		0.71		0.52		0.71	37%
Depreciation/Amortization		0.20		0.21		-		-		0.20		0.21	100%
Interest on long-term debt		0.35		0.46		-		-		0.35		0.46	31%
Total Expenses	\$	11.95	\$	12.45	\$	0.52	\$	0.71	\$	12.47	\$	13.16	6%
Change in net position	\$	0.62	\$	0.23	\$	0.11	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.73	\$	0.22	-70%

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the District had \$10.84 million invested in capital assets, including land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions construction in progress) of \$0.78 million.

Capital Assets at Year-End \$ (Net of Depreciation, in Millions)

	Gov	ernmenta	al Act	ivities		Busines Activ		e	Totals				
	2	022	2023		2022		2023		2022		2	023	
			•		•		•		Φ.		Φ.		
Land	\$	0.35	\$	0.35	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.35	\$	0.35	
Buildings		9.48		9.33		-		-		9.48		9.33	
Vehicles		0.09		0.26		-		-		0.09		0.26	
General Equipment		0.05		0.04		-		-		0.05		0.04	
Construction in Progress		0.09		0.86		-		-		0.09		0.86	
Totals	\$	10.06	\$	10.84	\$	=	\$	-	\$	10.06	\$	10.84	

DEBT

The following describes our outstanding obligation for the fiscal year 2023.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End
(in Millions)

	(Government Activities										
	2	022	20	023								
General Obligation Bonds	\$	9.86	\$	19.88								
Finance Purchase Obligations		0.07		0.27								
Total Obligations	\$	9.93	\$	20.15								

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its General Fund reflected a fund balance of \$415,253, which is an increase of \$51,260 from the prior year. The unassigned portion of the fund balance in fiscal year 2023 was \$415,253, compared to the \$363,993 from the preceding year. The local taxes collected in 2023 in the amount of \$2.27 million is approximately \$0.13 million more than local taxes collected in 2022. The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 for selected funds.

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	\$ 2,268,333	\$ 15,751	\$ -	\$ 478,442	\$ -	\$ 37,864	\$ 29,347
State Revenue Sources	5,445,983	517,773	61,944	232,790	_	426,748	32,183
Federal Revenue Sources	24,133	2,383,279	-	_	-	144,096	654,104
Other	244,220	-	-	_	10,473,797	_	-
Transfers	478,902	13,009	-	_	_	350,007	-
TOTALS	\$ 8,461,571	\$ 2,929,812	\$ 61,944	\$ 711,232	\$ 10,473,797	\$ 958,715	\$ 715,634
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	\$ 4,573,707	\$ 1,812,157	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Support Services	155,052	154,511	-	_	-	_	-
Instructional Staff Support Services	459,488	357,061	-	-	-	-	-
District Admin Support	345,763	6,854	-	-	-	-	-
School Admin Support	854,689	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business Support Services	666,242	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant Operation & Management	780,817	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	556,426	6,955	-	-	-	-	-
Food Service Operations	_	-	-	-	-	-	706,510
Community Services	1,784	95,315	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,585
Building Impr/Site Imp/Facilities	_	_	-	304,496	767,842	_	-
Debt Service	3,334	-	-	56,729	87,830	760,471	-
Transfers	13,009	385,314	61,944	350,007	-	-	31,644
TOTALS	\$ 8,410,311	\$ 2,818,167	\$ 61,944	\$ 711,232	\$ 855,672	\$ 760,471	\$ 741,739
Excess / (Deficit)	51,260	111,645	-	_	9,618,125	198,244	(26,105)

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

- Actual General Fund revenue was more than the budget by \$31,674. This does not include the on-behalf payments made by the state for insurances, teachers' retirement, etc. for the benefit of the district and its employees. General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly in most line items. The line item that varied most significantly was utilities tax and earnings on investments.
- Actual General Fund expenditures were more than the budget by \$434,833.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public schools' fiscal year is July I - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2022-2023 with a 12% contingency as calculated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Significant Board action that impacts the finances continued funding of Board initiatives such as Study Island and MAP testing.

Issues which may impact future budgets include:

- Changes in staffing size and expenses to meet federal and state academic mandates
- Declining federal funds and federal funding not maintaining the pace of mandated pay increases
- The need of improving programming and meeting the academic audit recommendations and ESSA requirements.
- Insufficient funding of the state transportation formula

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Contact Jennifer Wilson at 859-987-2160 or by mail at Paris Independent Board of Education, 310 West 7th Street, Paris, KY 40361.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2023

	-					
	-	Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities	_	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,995,915	\$	120,443	\$	10,116,358
Investments		1,585,919				1,585,919
Receivables (net)		1,379,950				1,379,950
Prepaid expenses		35,652				35,652
Inventories		4 005 405		3,098		3,098
Land and construction in progress		1,205,485		500		1,205,485
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	-	9,632,055	_	598 598	_	9,632,653
Total capital assets Total assets	-	10,837,540 23,834,976	_	124,139	_	10,838,138 23,959,115
Total assets	-	23,834,976	-	124,139	_	23,959,115
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,541,166		53,335		1,594,501
Deferred outflows related to OPEB CERS		739,302		25,585		764,887
Deferred outflows related to OPEB TRS	-	1,144,790	_		_	1,144,790
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	3,425,258	_	78,920	_	3,504,178
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	27,260,234	=	203,059	=	27,463,293
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		61,758		1,600		63,358
Accrued interest payable		155,994				155,994
Unearned revenue		292,183				292,183
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within 1 year:						
Bond obligations		505,000				505,000
Finance purchase obligations	_	44,940	_		_	44,940
Total due within 1 year	_	549,940	_	-	_	549,940
Due in more than 1 year:						
Bond obligations		19,381,751				19,381,751
Finance purchase obligations		222,857				222,857
Sick leave		284,535				284,535
Net pension liability		3,897,883		134,894		4,032,777
Net OPEB liability CERS		1,063,928		36,819		1,100,747
Net OPEB liability TRS	-	1,777,000	_	171 710	_	1,777,000
Total due in more than 1 year	-	26,627,954	_	171,713	_	26,799,667 27,861,142
Total liabilities	-	27,687,829	_	173,313	_	27,861,142
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		400.000		40.004		405.000
Deferred inflows related to pensions		469,098		16,234		485,332
Deferred inflows related to OPEB CERS		559,697		19,369		579,066
Deferred inflows related to OPEB TRS	-	789,000	_	05.000	_	789,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,817,795	-	35,603	_	1,853,398
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets		(9,317,008)		598		(9,316,410)
Restricted for:						
Special revenue		263,589				263,589
Capital projects		9,860,750				9,860,750
Debt service		1,620,794				1,620,794
School activities		126,382		10.05=		126,382
Child care		(4 700 007)		12,857		12,857
Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position (deficit)	-	(4,799,897) (2,245,390)	_	(19,312) (5,857)	_	(4,819,209) (2,251,247)
	-	, , , ,	_		_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ __	27,260,234	\$_	203,059	\$_	27,463,293

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2023

Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position **Primary Government** Operating Capital **Business-**Charges for **Grants and** Grants and Governmental type Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Functions/Programs Expenses Total PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: \$ 7,251,594 \$ 133 \$ 3,501,297 \$ (3,750,164) \$ \$ (3,750,164)Instruction Support services Student 309,563 587,152 137,404 414,993 414,993 362,438 Instructional staff 816,549 (454,111)(454,111)District administration 352.617 156.515 (196, 102)(196, 102)School administration 854.689 379,367 (475, 322)(475, 322)Business 666,242 295,722 (370,520)(370,520)Plant operation & maintenance 780,817 346,578 294,734 (139,505)(139,505)Student transportation 337,219 149,680 (187,539)(187,539)Community services operations 97.099 43.099 (54,000)(54,000)Building improvements 291.807 129.523 (162,284)(162,284)Other facilities 12,689 5,632 (7,057)(7,057)Interest on general long-term debt 463,702 570,844 107,142 107,142 Depreciation* 212,965 (212,965)(212,965)Total governmental activities 12,447,552 587,285 5,507,255 865,578 (5,487,434) (5,487,434) Business-type activities: Food service operations 29,347 686,287 9,124 9,124 706,510 Child care operations 12,857 12,857 12,857 Depreciation* 3,585 (3,585)(3,585)Total business-type activities 710,095 42,204 686,287 18,396 18,396 865,578 (5,487,434)18,396 (5,469,038) Total primary government 13,157,647 \$ 629,489 6,193,542 General revenues: Taxes: 2,065,817 Property taxes 2,065,817 Motor vehicle taxes 238,017 238,017 Uitility taxes 403,117 403,117 State and formula grants 2.863.913 2.863.913 Other local revenue 69.093 69.093 Sale of equipment 886 886 Unrestricted investment earnings 48,324 48,324 Transfer 31,644 (31,644)5,720,811 Total general revenues & transfers (31,644)5,689,167 Change in net position 233,377 (13,248)220,129 Net position - beginning (deficit) (2,478,767)7,391 (2,471,376) Net position - ending (deficit) (2,245,390)(5,857)(2.251.247)

^{*}Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

Governmental Funds

	_	General	_	Special Revenue	 Construction	. <u>-</u>	Debt Service	. <u>-</u>	Other Governmental Funds	_	Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	318,037	\$	-	\$ 9,272,448	\$	-	\$	405,430	\$	9,995,915
Investments							1,585,919		4.047		1,585,919
Prepaid expenditures Receivables							31,635		4,017		35,652
Interfund		60,830			388,922						449,752
Taxes		61,358			300,322						61,358
Accounts		1,815		5,323			3,240				10,378
Intergovernmental-state		.,0.0		94,951			3,2 . 3				94,951
Intergovernmental-federal				920,617							920,617
Total assets	_	442,040	_	1,020,891	 9,661,370		1,620,794		409,447	_	13,154,542
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		26,787		15,367	19,604						61,758
Interfund payable				449,752							449,752
Unearned revenue	_		_	292,183		_					292,183
Total liabilities	_	26,787	_	757,302	19,604	_	-	-	-		803,693
FUND BALANCE											
Restricted				263,589	9,641,766		1,620,794		409,447		11,935,596
Unassigned	_	415,253	_			_					415,253
Total fund balance	_	415,253	_	263,589	9,641,766	_	1,620,794		409,447	· <u> </u>	12,350,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ _	442,040	\$_	1,020,891	\$ 9,661,370	\$_	1,620,794	\$	409,447	\$	13,154,542

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position $\,$ June 30, 2023 $\,$

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 12,350,849
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	10,837,540
Delinqent property taxes are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	292,646
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Finance purchase obligations Sick leave liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(155,994) (19,886,751) (267,797) (284,535) (3,897,883) (2,840,928)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,541,166 1,884,092 (469,098) (1,348,697)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,245,390)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Funds

		General	Special Revenue	Construction		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total
REVENUES	_				_					
From local sources										
Taxes										
Property	\$, , -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	478,442	\$	2,041,706
Motor vehicle		238,017								238,017
Utilities		403,117								403,117
Earnings on investments		10,076	384			37,864				48,324
Tuition		133								133
Student activities								587,152		587,152
Other local revenue		53,726	15,367			100 710		004.704		69,093
Intergovernmental - state		5,445,983	517,773			426,748		294,734		6,685,238
Intergovernmental - federal	_	24,133	2,383,279		_	144,096	•	4 200 200	_	2,551,508
Total revenues	_	7,738,449	2,916,803		_	608,708		1,360,328	_	12,624,288
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction		4,573,707	1,812,157					543,269		6,929,133
Support services		4,070,707	1,012,107					040,200		0,020,100
Student		155,052	154,511							309.563
Instructional staff		459,488	357,061							816,549
District administration		345,763	6,854							352.617
School administration		854,689	-,							854,689
Business		666,242								666,242
Plant operation & maintenance		780,817								780,817
Student transportation		556,426	6,955							563,381
Community services operations		1,784	95,315							97,099
Building acquistions & construction				426,953						426,953
Building improvements				328,200				304,496		632,696
Other facilities				12,689						12,689
Debt service	_	3,334		87,830	_	760,471		56,729	_	908,364
Total expenditures	_	8,397,302	2,432,853	855,672	_	760,471		904,494	_	13,350,792
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(658,853)	483,950	(855,672)		(151,763)		455,834		(726,504)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of equipment		886								886
Bond proceeds				10,245,000						10,245,000
Bond premium				228,797						228,797
Capital lease proceeds		243,334								243,334
Operating transfers in		478,902	13,009			350,007				841,918
Operating transfers (out)		(13,009)	(385,314)		_			(411,951)	_	(810,274)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	710,113	(372,305)	10,473,797	_	350,007		(411,951)	_	10,749,661
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		51,260	111,645	9,618,125		198,244		43,883		10,023,157
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	363,993	151,944	23,641	_	1,422,550		365,564	_	2,327,692
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	415,253	\$ 263,589	\$ 9,641,766	\$ _	1,620,794	\$	409,447	\$ _	12,350,849

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 10,023,157
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(294,249)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee	
contributions is reported as pension expense. District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(63,754)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated	
economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	781,039
Bond discounts/premiums on the sale of bonds are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of activities.	(232,221)
The sale/payments of bond and finance purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	(9,995,333)
Delingent property taxes are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not	(0,000,000)
current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	24,111
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable Noncurrent sick leave payable	 (44,915) 35,542
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 233,377

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2023

Variance

	_	Budget	ounts			with Final Budget	
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From local sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	1,746,322	\$	1,746,322	\$	1,563,264	\$ (183,058)
Motor vehicle		185,000		185,000		238,017	53,017
Utilities		380,000		380,000		403,117	23,117
Earnings on investments		12,000		12,000		10,076	(1,924)
Tuition		6,000		6,000		133	(5,867)
Other local revenue		6,500		6,500		53,726	47,226
Intergovernmental - state		2,863,847		2,863,847	*	2,958,877	95,030
Intergovernmental - federal		20,000		20,000		24,133	4,133
Total revenues	_	5,219,669	_	5,219,669	_	5,251,343	31,674
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		2,609,293		2,609,293	*	2,933,939	(324,646)
Support services							, ,
Student		106,250		106,250	*	101,409	4,841
Instructional staff		186,575		186,575	*	289,369	(102,794)
District administration		253,813		253,813	*	267,673	(13,860)
School administration		516,381		516,381	*	544,382	(28,001)
Business		538,628		538,628	*	535,016	3,612
Plant operation & maintenance		813,620		813,620	*	714,825	98,795
Student transportation		281,253		281,253	*	518,465	(237,212)
Community services		10,000		10,000		1,784	8,216
Debt service		159,550		159,550		3,334	156,216
Total expenditures	_	5,475,363		5,475,363	_	5,910,196	(434,833)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(255,694)		(255,694)		(658,853)	(403,159)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		50		50		886	836
Capital lease proceeds						243,334	243,334
Operating transfers in		111,652		111,652		478,902	367,250
Operating transfers (out)		(12,600)		(12,600)		(13,009)	(409)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	99,102	_	99,102	_	710,113	611,011
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(156,592)		(156,592)		51,260	207,852
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	649,592		649,592		363,993	(285,599)
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	493,000	\$	493,000	\$	415,253	\$ (77,747)

^{*} The on-behalf payments (please see the accompanying notes to the financial statements) were not budgeted, therefore, to better compare the actual to the budgeted amounts these amounts were deducted from both revenue and expenditures in the amount of \$2,565,565

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

Year ended June 30, 2023

	_	Budget	nounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	_	Original	_	Final	Actual		(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From local sources							
Earnings on investments	\$	_	\$	- 9	384	\$	384
Other local revenue	•	68,500	·	71.046	15,367	•	(55,679)
Intergovernmental - state		368,843		429,986	517,773		87,787
Intergovernmental - federal		1,085,697		2,985,194	2,383,279		(601,915)
Total revenues	_	1,523,040	_	3,486,226	2,916,803		(569,423)
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		889,939		2,670,431	1,812,157		858,274
Support services							
Student		107,308		106,122	154,511		(48,389)
Instructional staff		407,752		427,211	357,061		70,150
District administration		15,976		1,500	6,854		(5,354)
Student transportation		12,562		12,562	6,955		5,607
Community services operations		102,103		94,500	95,315		(815)
Total expenditures	_	1,535,640	_	3,312,326	2,432,853		879,473
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(12,600)		173,900	483,950		310,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		12,600		12,600	13,009		409
Operating transfers (out)				(39,978)	(385,314)		(345,336)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	12,600	_	(27,378)	(372,305)		(344,927)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		146,522	111,645		(34,877)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	151,944		151,944
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	-	\$	146,522	263,589	\$	117,067

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

School **Paris** Childcare Food Services Non-Major Total **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents \$ 107,586 \$ 12,857 \$ 120,443 3,098 Inventories 3,098 Capital assets: Other capital assets, net of depreciation 598 598 Total assets 111,282 12,857 124,139 **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Deferred outflows related to pensions 53,335 53,335 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 25,585 25,585 Total deferred outflows of resources 78,920 78,920 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 190,202 12,857 203,059 **LIABILITIES** Accounts payable 1,600 1,600 Net pension liability 134,894 134,894 Net OPEB liability 36,819 36<u>,819</u> Total liabilities 173,313 173,313 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Deferred inflows related to pensions 16,234 16,234 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 19,369 19,369 Total deferred inflows of resources 35,603 35,603 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 208,916 208,916 **NET POSITION** Net Investment in capital assets 598 598 Restricted/ Unrestricted (deficit) (19,312)12,857 (6,455)Total net position (deficit) (18,714)12,857 (5,857)TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION 190,202 12,857 203,059

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

		School Food Services		Paris Childcare Non-Major	. <u></u>	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Lunchroom sales	\$	29,347	\$	_	\$	29,347	
Day care fees	*		•	12,857	*	12,857	
Total operating revenues		29,347		12,857		42,204	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Depreciation		3,585				3,585	
Child care operations							
Salaries and benefits						-	
Operational						-	
Food service operations							
Salaries and benefits		331,208				331,208	
Operational		375,302				375,302	
Total operating expenses		710,095		-		710,095	
Operating income (loss)		(680,748)	_	12,857		(667,891)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Federal grants		654,104				654,104	
State grants		32,183				32,183	
Transfer		(31,644)				(31,644)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		654,643		-		654,643	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(26,105)		12,857		(13,248)	
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		7,391		<u>-</u>		7,391	
NET POSITION-ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$	(18,714)	\$	12,857	\$	(5,857)	

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2023

		School Food Services		Paris Childcare Non-Major		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	29,347	\$	12,857	\$	42,204
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(351,060)	Ψ	12,007	Ψ	(351,060)
Payments to employees		(331,208)		_		(331,208)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(652,921)	_	12,857	_	(640,064)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfer		(31,644)		-		(31,644)
Operating grants and contributions		686,287		-		686,287
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		654,643	_	-	_	654,643
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,722		12,857		14,579
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING	_	105,864			. <u> </u>	105,864
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	107,586	\$	12,857	\$_	120,443
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating activities. Operating income (loss)	\$	(680,748)	¢	12,857	¢	(667,891)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Ψ	(000,140)	Ψ	12,007	Ψ	(007,001)
Depreciation		3,585		-		3,585
Changes in assets and liabilities:		•				•
Outflow Deferrals		(47,974)				(47,974)
Inventory		(1,649)				(1,649)
Payables		1,471				1,471
Inflow Deferrals		6,734				6,734
Pensions		53,327				53,327
OPEB		12,333	_	10.0==		12,333
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(652,921)	\$ <u></u>	12,857	¥ <u></u>	(640,064)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$38,971 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$27,788 for school food services which is by state government.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Paris Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Paris Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Paris Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

Paris Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Paris Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Paris Independent Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

(C) Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund

Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts.

(D) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling. This is a major fund of the District.

(E) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

(A) Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

(B) Paris Childcare Fund

The Paris Childcare Fund is used to account for child care activities.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service

Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with

current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds that

are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.

Restricted: Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed: Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned: Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose, including

encumbrances.

Unassigned: Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General

Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited in the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.715 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.715 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.553 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, all amendments require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

The District's General Fund expenditures exceeded its budget appropriations by \$434,833.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96-In May, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government and users (governments). The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 99-In April, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The Statement is effective on various dates, but no later than reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94-In March, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

There is no effect on current year financial statements for newly adopted accounting pronouncements.

Effective in Future Years:

The District is currently evaluating the potential impact of the following issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 101- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law. At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name, FDIC insurance and backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$10,116,358. The bank balance for the same time was \$12,172,538.

The District's special revenue fund has a scholarship grant that was donated to the district in the amount of \$152,328. As of June 30, 2023, \$348 of the scholarship funds were held in Nellie Evans Money Market Funds and the remaining \$151,980 was held in the District's general bank account.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

Investments

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Risks and Uncertainties – the District's investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk. Due to the level or risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investment will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the account balances and the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Interest Rate Risk- interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with the anticipated cash requirements for ongoing operations and investing funds primarily in shorter-term securities or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio. The District only held cash and short term investments with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company as of June 30, 2023.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Under Kentucky Revised Statutes Section 66.480, the District is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery of purchase obligations backed by the full fair and credit of the United States or its agencies, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated in one of the three highest categories by nationally recognized rating agencies and securities in mutual funds shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the District's investment in a single issuer. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2023.

Fair Value Measurement – The District's investments are measured and reported at fair value and classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in market that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments totaling \$1,585,919 were measured as a level 1 fair value investment.

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		July 1, 2022	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2023
Land	\$	351,553	\$ -	\$	-	\$	351,553
Land improvements		1,417,737	-		-		1,417,737
Buildings		17,433,343	-		-		17,433,343
Technology equipment		895,540	-		-		895,540
Vehicles		689,114	226,163		-		915,277
General equipment		295,108	-		-		295,108
Construction in progress	_	86,090	767,842	_	-		853,932
Total at historical cost	\$	21,168,485	\$ 994,004	\$		\$	22,162,490
Less: Accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements	\$	1,417,737	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,417,737
Buildings		7,951,031	150,538		-		8,101,569
Technology equipment		895,540	-		-		895,540
Vehicles		601,502	52,475		-		653,977
General equipment	_	246,174	9,953	_	-	-	256,127
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	11,111,984	\$ 212,965	\$	-	\$	11,324,950
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	10,056,501	\$ 781,039	\$ _		\$	10,837,540
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2022	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2023
Buildings	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Technology equipment		-	-		-		-
General equipment	_	98,839		_	-	-	98,839
Total at historical cost	\$_	98,839	\$ 	\$_		\$	98,839
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	_		_		'-	
Buildings	\$	-	\$	\$	-	\$	-
Technology equipment		-	-		-		-
General equipment	_	94,656	3,585	_		-	98,241
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	94,656	\$ 3,585	\$	-	\$	98,241
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	4,183	\$ (3,585)	\$ _		\$	598

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

NOTE D - LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Paris Independent School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on

bonds issued by the Paris Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. The bonds payable are collateralized by education facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2023, are summarized below:

Bond Issue	Original <u>Amount</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	2022 Itstanding Balance	Additions	<u> </u>	Re	etirements	o	2023 utstanding <u>Balance</u>
2021	348,000	2041	1.2% - 2.5%	\$ 333,000	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	318,000
2010	625,000	2030	3.4%-3.8%	325,000		-		30,000		295,000
2012 QZAB	3,260,000	2032	4.6%	3,260,000		-		-		3,260,000
2016R	1,340,000	2027	2.00%	600,000		-		145,000		455,000
2016-ENERGY	3,520,000	2036	1.5%-3.0%	2,915,000		-		125,000		2,790,000
2016	2,790,000	2036	1.5%-3.0%	2,240,000		-		120,000		2,120,000
2018	275,000	2038	3.7%	245,000		-		10,000		235,000
2023	10,245,000	2048	4%-5%	-	10,245,0	000		-		10,245,000
Totals				9,918,000	10,245,0	000		445,000		19,718,000
	Add:		Premium	1,531	228,7	797		2,036		228,292
	Less:		Discount	(65,001)		-		(5,460)		(59,541)
	Totals:		<u>-</u>	\$ 9,854,530	\$ 10,473,7	97	\$	441,576	\$	19,886,751

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023, for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30th</u>	Princi <u>Local</u>	ipal <u>KSFCC</u>		Interest <u>Local KSFCC</u>		KSFCC	Principal <u>Total</u>		Interest <u>Total</u>		
2024	\$ 188,533	\$	316,467	\$	444,169	\$	78,574	\$	505,000	\$	522,743
2025	363,859		262,141		510,855		75,211		626,000		586,066
2026	367,961		273,039		498,046		69,023		641,000		567,069
2027	387,570		228,430		484,492		62,878		616,000		547,369
2028	405,526		215,474		470,430		57,207		621,000		527,638
2029-2033	5,619,782		818,218		2,121,239		211,381		6,438,000		2,332,620
2034-2038	3,077,510		691,490		1,634,867		91,353		3,769,000		1,726,221
2039-2043	3,455,692		211,308		968,770		20,308		3,667,000		989,078
2044-2048	2,835,000.00		-	3	348,800.00		-		2,835,000		348,800
	\$ 16,701,433	\$	3,016,567	\$	7,481,668	\$	665,936	\$	19,718,000	\$	8,147,604

Finance Purchases

The following is an analysis of the financed property under financed purchases by class:

KISTA Issue	Original <u>Amount</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Out	2022 tstanding Balance	<u> A</u>	dditions	Re	etirements	2023 utstanding <u>Balance</u>
2013	41,172	3/1/2023	2%	\$	3,724	\$	-	\$	3,724	\$ -
2014	92,003	3/1/2024	2%-3%		16,898		-		8,315	8,583
2018	86,956	3/1/2028	2%-3%		51,843		-		8,554	43,289
2022	243,334	3/1/2032	3.0%		-		243,334		27,409	215,925
Totals				\$	72,465	\$	243,334	\$	48,002	\$ 267,797

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum payments under finance purchases together with the present value of the net minimum payments as of June 30, 2023:

	Year Ended					
<u>_</u>	June 30,	Principal		In	terest	Total
	2024	\$	44,940	\$	8,034	\$ 52,974
	2025		31,672		6,686	38,358
	2026		32,694		5,592	38,286
	2027		31,844		4,755	36,599
	2028		32,808		3,799	36,607
	2029-2032		93,839		6,776	100,615
		\$	267,797	\$	35,641	\$ 303,438
Total mini	mum payme	nts			\$	303,438
Less: A1	mount repres	senti	ng interes	st		(35,641)
Present Va	lue of Net N	/linir	num			
Payment	S				\$	267,797

In order to secure the payment of all of the Board's obligations under a KISTA Lease, the Board grants to KISTA a security interest constituting a first lien on the Equipment and on all additions, attachments, accessories, and substitutions thereto, and on all proceeds therefrom. In the Event of Default, title to the Equipment shall immediately vest in KISTA, and the Board will immediately surrender possession of the Equipment to KISTA or to KISTA's order; by the execution of this Lease the Board agrees upon demand by KISTA or the Second Trustee, and without order of court, to execute a bill of sale or such other instrument as may be required in favor of KISTA or the Second Trustee in order to permit liquidation of the equipment in an Event of Default by the Board.

Accumulated Sick Leave Liability

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2023 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

2022 Outstanding							2023 Outstanding
		<u>Balance</u>	Add	<u>ditions</u>		<u>Retirements</u>	Balance
Sick Leave	\$	320,077	\$	-	\$	35,542	\$ 284,535

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$3,897,883 for governmental activities and \$134,894 for business-type activities for a total of \$4,032,777 as of June 30, 2023 (See Note E for additional information). The net OPEB liability is \$2,840,928 for governmental activities and \$36,819 for business-type activities for a total of \$2,877,747 as of June 30, 2023 (See Note F for additional information).

Description		2022 Outstanding Balance	_	Additions	_	Retirements	_	2023 Outstanding Balance	 Amount Due in One Year
Bonds, Net of Premium and Discount	\$	9,854,530	\$	10,473,797	\$	441,576	\$	19,886,751	\$ 505,000
Finance Purchases		72,465		243,334		48,002		267,797	44,940
Sick Leave		320,077		-		35,542		284,535	-
Net Pension Liability		2,687,521		1,345,256		-		4,032,777	-
Net OPEB Liability	_	1,949,788	_	927,959	_		_	2,877,747	
Totals	\$_	14,884,381	\$	12,990,346	\$	525,120	\$	27,349,607	\$ 549,940

NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provisions

For Members before July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable of r life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3. Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members on and after January 1, 2022:

Condition for Retirement Attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65

And 5 years of service.

Amount of Allowance

Foundational Benefit The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times

A multiplier times final average salary.

			Yea	rs of	Service			_
Age	5-9.99		10-19.99		20-29.99		30 or More	
57-60	-	%	1.70	%	1.95	%	2.20	%
61	-	%	1.74	%	1.99	%	2.24	%
62	-	%	1.78	%	2.03	%	2.28	%
63	-	%	1.82	%	2.07	%	2.32	%
64	-	%	1.86	%	2.11	%	2.36	%
65 and over	1.90	%	1.90	%	2.15	%	2.40	%

The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the Earlier of age 60 on the date the member would have completed 30 Years of service.

Supplemental Benefit

The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance which Includes member and employer contributions and interest credited Annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving The balance as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later Date.

Disability Retirement Allowance Condition for Allowance

Totally and permanently incapable of being employed as a teacher and Under age 60 but after completing 5 years of service

Amount of Allowance

The disability allowance is equal to the greater of the service retirement Allowance or 60% of the member's final average salary. The disability Allowance is payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the Service

Credited to the member at the date of the disability or 5 years, whichever Is longer. After the disability entitlement period has expired and if the Member remains disabled, he will be retired under service retirement. The Service retirement allowance will be computed with service credit given For the period of disability retirement. The allowance will not be less than \$6,000 per year. The service retirement allowance will not be reduced for Commencement of the allowance before age 60 or the completion of 27 Years of service.

Benefits Payable on Separation From Service

Any member who ceases to be in service is entitled to receive his Contributions with allowable interest. A member who has completed 5 Years of creditable service and leaves his contributions with the System May be continued in the membership of the System after separation from Service, and file application for service retirement after the attainment of Age 60.

Life Insurance

Death Benefits

A separate Life Insurance fund has been created as June 30, 2000 to pay Benefits on behalf of deceased TRS active and retired members.

A surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of service May elect to receive an annual allowance of \$2,880 except that if income From other sources exceeds \$6,600 per year the annual allowance will be \$2,160.

A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service May elect to receive an allowance which is the actuarial equivalent of the Allowance the deceased member would have received upon retirement. The allowance will commence on the date the deceased member would Have been eligible for service retirement and will be payable during the Life of the spouse.

If the deceased member is survived by unmarried children under age 18 The following schedule of annual allowances applies:

Number of	Annual				
Children		Allowance			
1	\$	2,400			
2	\$	4,080			
3	\$	4,800			
4 or more	\$	5.280			

The allowances are payable until a child attains age 18, or age 23 if a Full-time student.

If the member has no eligible survivor, a refund of his accumulated Contributions is payable to his estate.

In lieu of the regular Option 1, a retirement allowance payable in the Form of a life annuity with refundable balance, any member before Retirement may elect to receive a reduced allowance which is actuarially Equivalent to the full allowance, in one of the following forms:

Option 2. A single life annuity payable during the member's lifetime with Payments for 10 years certain.

Option 3. At the death of the member his allowance is continued Throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Option 3(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the member Under Option 3, the member's benefit will revert to what would have been paid had he not selected an option.

Option 4. At the death of the member one half of his allowance is Continued throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Option 4(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the member Under Option 4, the member's benefit will revert to what would have been Paid had he not selected an option.

Options

Post-Retirement Adjustments The retirement allowance of each retired member and of each beneficiary

Shall be increased by 1.5% each July 1.

Member Contributions

Members before 1/1/2022 9.105% of salary to the Retirement System.

Members on and after 1/1/2022 9% of salary to the Retirement System and an additional 2% of salary to

The supplemental benefit account. Employers also contributes 2%.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Employees are required to contribute 12.855%. of their salaries to the system effective July 1, 2015. The state, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined thereafter. Contributions for local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2023 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The net pension liability that was associated with the District follows.

TRS

State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District

\$ 17,173,189

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1014%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date
Prior Measurement Date
Measurement Date
Reporting Date
Actuarial Cost Method
Inflation Rate
Single Equivalent Interest Rate Prior
June 30, 2021
June 30, 2022
June 30, 2023
Entry age
2.5%
7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate at

Measurement Date 7.10% Municipal Bond Index Rate Prior 2.13%

Municipal Bond Index Rate at

Measurement Date 3.37%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 7.10

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

A summary of the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, follows.

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Rates of Return	
Large Cap US Equity	37.4	%	4.2	%
Small Cap Equity	2.6	%	4.7	%
Developed International Equity	16.5	%	5.3	%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5	%	54.4	%
Fixed Income	15.0	%	-0.1	%
High Yield Bonds	2.0	%	1.7	%
Other Additional Categories	5.0	%	2.2	%
Real Estate	7.0	%	4.0	%
Private Equity	7.0	%	6.9	%
Cash	2.0	%	-0.3	%
Total	100	%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Current								
TRS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase			
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%			
State's proportionate share	•	1= 60= 10=	Φ.	1-1-2-100	Φ.	0.000.00			
of net pension liability	\$	17,685,435	\$	17,173,189	\$	9,262,748			

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/.

County Employees Retirement System

Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly and overseen by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS:

Tier I plan is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% of their creditable compensation.

Tier II plan members hired after September 1, 2008 contribute 6.00% of their creditable compensation. Further, 1% of these contributions are deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Tier III plan members, who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. That plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Employee contributions to the plan are the same as the Tier II contributions. Tier III member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% of the member's creditable compensation.

For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary, 22.78% pension and 4.17% for insurance. The District contributed \$419,263 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability, \$4,032,777 was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's proportion was 0.055786%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts does not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contribution or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is based on the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

The District recognized pension expense of \$312,805 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows.

CERS	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	4,312	\$	35,914
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		548,740		445,354
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		646,419		4,064
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		395,030		-
	_		•	
	\$ _	1,594,501	\$	485,332

The \$395,030 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	328,713
Year 2		304,752
Year 3		(33,889)
Year 4	_	114,563
	\$	714,139

Actuarial Valuation

KPPA's actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., completed the actuarial valuation for the calculation of the employer contribution rates for CERS and the Insurance Fund for the period ended June 30, 2022.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The results of the actuarial valuation are based upon the assumptions and funding policies adopted by the Board and statutory funding requirements. Assumptions and funding policies are reviewed against actual plan experience every 5 years. In general, the assumptions and methods, used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the most recent actuarial experience study for the five year period ending June 30, 2018.

- 1. Actuarial Cost Method-prepared using the entry age normal cost (EANC) method as required by state statute.
- 2. UAAL Amortization Method-the actuarial liability contribution is calculated by amortizing the unfunded accrued liability as of June 30, 2019 over a closed 30-year amortization.
- 3. Asset Valuation Method- recognizes a portion of the difference between the market value of assets and he expected market value of assets.
- 4. Retiree Insurance Funding Policy-calculated by amortizing the unfunded accrued liability as of June 30, 2019, over a closed 20-year amortization bases.
- 5. Investment Return Assumption-the future investment earnings of plan assets are assumed t accumulate at a rate of 6.25% per annum.
- 6. Salary Increase Assumptions-member's salaries are assumed to increase, price inflation component is 2.3%, and productivity component is 1%.
- 7. Health Care Cost Trend Rate-medical premiums are assumed to increase in 2024 at 6.2% for Non-Medicare Plans, and 9% for Medicare Plans.
- 8. Payroll Growth Assumption-the amortization cost to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the active member payroll is assumed to increase at a rate of 0%.
- 9. Retiree Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)-SB2 only allows the Cost of Living Adjustments to be awarded on a biennial basis.
- 10. Retirement Rate Assumptions-retirement ages for Males to retire range from 35%, Females 27%, under 45 years of age to 30% for Males age 70, Females 27%.
- 11. Mortality Assumptions-refer to the tables included in the KPPA's 2022 Annual Report.
- 12. Withdrawal Rates- the probability, or likelihood, of active member's terminating employment range from 20% with 1 year of service to 1.35% for 25 years of service.
- 13. Rates of Disablement-disability benefits to active members range from .04% probability near age 20 to 1.02% near age 60.
- 14. Assumption Changes Since Prior Valuation-in conjunction with the review of the healthcare per capita claims cost, the assumed increase in future healthcare costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis. The trend assumption for the Medicare Plans was increased during the select period as a result of this review.

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.25% was used to measure the total pension liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be

if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

		Current					
CERS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		5.25%		6.25%		7.25%	
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	5,040,471	\$	4,032,777	\$	3,199,331	
of het pension hadding	Ψ	3,070,771	Ψ	7,032,777	Ψ	3,177,331	

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below for CERS Pension and Insurance Funds:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Equity				
Public Equity	50	%	4.45	%
Private Equity	10	%	10.15	%
Fixed Income				
Core Fixed Income	10	%	0.28	%
Specialty Credit	10	%	2.28	%
Cash	0	%	-0.91	%
Inflation Protected				
Real Estate	7	%	3.67	%
Real Return	13	%	4.07	%

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2023, there are no payables to CERS.

NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the other postemployment benefits for both systems.

TRS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

Health Insurance Trust (Medical Insurance Fund)

Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan as described earlier, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plans provided through the trust may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) and 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4) (b).

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

Contributions are made on behalf of TRS retired members toward payment of health insurance premiums. The amount of the member's contribution is based on a table approved by the TRS board. Retired members pay premiums in excess of the monthly contribution. The Commonwealth of Kentucky bears risk for excess claims expenses that exceed the premium equivalents charged for the KEHP. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$1,777,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (NOL). The collective net OPEB liability was valued as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportion was .071561%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District as follows:

MIF		
District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$	1,777,000
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB		
liability associated with the District		584,000
	Φ.	2 2 6 1 0 0 0
	\$	2,361,000

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following.

MIF	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	747,000
Changes of assumptions		361,000		_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		94,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		598,000		42,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	91,790	-	
	\$ _	1,144,790	\$	789,000

The \$91,790 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

MIF		Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	(4,000)
Year 2		(1,000)
Year 3		8,000
Year 4		124,000
Year 5		102,000
Thereafter	_	35,000
	\$_	264,000

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date
Asset Valuation Method
Price Inflation
Payroll Growth
Salary Increase

June 30, 2021
Market Value of Assets
2.5%
2.5%
per annum
2.75 per annum

Discount Rate 7.10%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Part B 6.97% at June 30, 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.55% by June 30,

2034 and beyond.

Under Age 65 7% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30,

2034 and beyond.

Age 65 and Older 5.125% at June 30, 2022 with an ultimate rate of 45% by June 30, 2034

And beyond.

Mortality rates were based on the Teachers Mortality Table, and set forward two years for males and multiplied by 102%. Rates for females are set forward 2 years and multiplied by 101%. Disabled male members are set forward 1 year and multiplied by 96%. Rates for female members are set back 2 years and multiplied by 94%.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00	5.10
Fixed Income	9.00	(0.10)
Real Estate	6.50	4.00
Private Equity	8.50	6.90
Additional Categories	17.00	2.20
Cash	1.00	(0.30)
Total	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 per member per month (PMPM) paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Insurance Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the health trust achieves a sufficient funded status, as determined by TRS's actuary, the following health trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee Contributions
 - Employer Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if the health trust is projected to achieve a funded ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, and what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

MIF		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	2,694,000	\$	1,777,000	\$	1,694,000

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

MIF		1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share							
of net OPEB liability	\$	1,332,000	\$	1,777,000	\$	2,330,000	

Life Insurance Trust

Plan description and benefits provided

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is financed by actuarially determined contributions from the 207 participating employers. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability, and \$2,000 for active contribution members.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Net OPEB Liability

The District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District as follows:

29,000

LIF

State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability associated with the District \$

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 27 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Expected Geometric Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0	4.40
International Equity	23.0	5.6
Fixed Income	18.0	(.10)
Real Estate	6.0	4.0
Private Equity	5.0	6.9
Other Additional Categories	6.0	2.1
Cash	2.0	(0.3)
	100.0	

As the Life Trust investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the targeted 8.00% long-term rate of return.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) as of the measurement date was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

Revenue or Expenses for TRS OPEB plans

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue in the amount of \$30,239 for support provided on-behalf of the State.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Employees' Health Plan

Plan description

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Benefits provided

The Plan provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. The Insurance Fund will pay the cost of insurance premium for participating members prior to July 1, 2003 greater than 4 years of service, 25%, greater than 10 years of service, 50%, greater than 15 years of service, 75%, and greater than 20 years of service, 100%. For participating members after July 1, 2003 the benefit paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service the dollar amount per year of service is \$13.99 to be applied to the current cost premium.

Contributions

Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$1,100,747 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability which is .055776%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense included in the Schedules of OPEB Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedules of OPEB Amounts do not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability (NOL), and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$99,857. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources.

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	110,799	\$ 252,427
Changes of assumptions		174,091	143,450
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences		204,970	160,294
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		211,108	22,895
measurement date	_	63,919	
	\$ _	764,887	\$ 579,066

The \$63,919 (includes \$39,686 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

	. <u>-</u>	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	43,279
Year 2		42,162
Year 3		(13,940)
Year 4	_	50,401
	\$	121,902

Implicit Employer Subsidy for non-Medicare retirees- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 and 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRA). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information, were based on an actuarial

valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, using the generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

Investment Rate of Return6.25%Inflation2.3%Payroll Growth Rate2.0%

Salary Increases 3.3 to 10.3%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)

Initial trend starting at 6.4% at January 1, 2022, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 14 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)

Initial trend starting at 6.3% in 2023 then

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

Over period of 13 years.

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

Senate Bill 209 passed in the 2022 legislative session increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service each member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023.

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 5.7% were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position on future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy

The following table presents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.7%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7%) than the current rate:

				Current			
CERS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		4.7%		5.7%		6.7%	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	1,471,523	\$	1,100,747	\$	794,239	

Health Care Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the health care sensitivity rate of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.7%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7%) than the current rate:

CERS		1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$	818,381	\$ 1,100,747	\$ 1,439,815

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS

The District has commitments for construction projects of \$10,073,329 as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE I - LITIGATION

The District is subject to various legal actions in different stages of litigation. At this time, pending litigation is being defended by the District's insurance carrier, Liberty Mutual, limiting the District's financial liability in relation to these claims to a deductible owed to the insurance carrier not yet determined but anticipated to be

immaterial. As of June 30, 2023, the District's risk of financial exposure relating to active litigation not yet rule on is low.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

NOTE L - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE M – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during fiscal year 2023:

<u>Type</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operations	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	KETS Matching	\$ 13,009
Operations	Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	Indirect Costs	385,314
Operations	Food Service	General Fund	Indirect Costs	31,644
Debt Service	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Debt Payments	61,944
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Payments	\$ 350,007

NOTE N – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

For fiscal year 2023, the following funds had a deficit change in fund balance/net position and/or deficit fund balance/net position:

<u>Fund</u>		Change in Net Position/ Net Change in Fund Balance	Fund Balance Net Position		
Governmental Activities	\$		\$ (2,245,390)		
Business Activities		(13,248)	(5,857)		
Food Service	\$	(26,105)	\$ (18,714)		

NOTE O – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2023, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	_	Amount
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 & 75)	\$	1,600,316
Health Insurance		960,790
Life Insurance		1,467
Administrative Fee		11,706
HRA/Dental/Vision		53,288
Federal Reimbursements		(112,674)
Technology		78,460
SFCC Debt Service Payments		426,748
Total	\$	3,020,101

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

NOTE P – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The following funds had restricted fund balances as of June 30, 2023:

<u>Fund</u>	Amount	<u>Purpose</u>					
Special Revenue	\$ 263,589	Scholarships & Grants					
FSPK	283,065	SFCC Requirements					
Construction	9,641,766	Future Construction Projects					
Day Care	12,857	Day Care Operations					
Debt Service	1,620,794	Debt Service Payments					
Student Activity	\$ 126,382	Student Activities					

NOTE Q – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through January 22, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2016)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability	0.055786%	0.042152%	0.042444%	0.04215%	0.04420%	0.04492%	0.051845%	0.04565%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,032,777 \$	2,687,521 \$	3,255,420 \$	2,964,077 \$	2,692,037 \$	2,629,364 \$	2,552,653 \$	1,962,625
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	<u>-</u>							
Total	\$ 4,032,777 \$	2,687,521 \$	3,255,420 \$	2,964,077 \$	2,692,037 \$	2,629,364 \$	2,552,653 \$	1,962,625
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,507,432 \$	1,117,967 \$	1,088,794 \$	1,093,318 \$	1,095,537 \$	1,107,002 \$	1,126,529 \$	1,065,018
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	267.53%	240.39%	298.99%	271.11%	245.73%	237.52%	226.59%	184.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):								
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	17,173,189	13,267,807	13,137,816	12,946,393	13,105,802	25,401,286	29,966,800	22,698,550
Total	\$ 17,173,189 \$	13,267,807 \$	13,137,816 \$	12,946,393	13,105,802 \$	25,401,286 \$	29,966,800 \$	22,698,550
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,049,695 \$	2,897,390 \$	3,044,885 \$	3,170,849 \$	3,292,379 \$	3,109,401 \$	3,240,354 \$	3,054,686
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	_	2023		2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):																
Contractually required contribution	\$	395,030	\$	404,621	\$	251,164	\$	249,135	\$	223,588	\$	210,124	\$	204,308	\$	192,194
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	395,030	_	404,621	_	251,164	_	249,135	_	223,588	_	210,124	_	204,308	_	192,194
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_		_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,473,735	\$	1,507,432	\$	1,117,967	\$	1,088,794	\$	1,093,318	\$	1,095,537	\$	1,107,002	\$	1,126,529
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		26.80%		26.84%		22.47%		22.88%		20.45%		19.18%		18.46%		17.06%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):																
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_		_		_		_		_		_					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_		_	-	_	-	_	-	_		_		_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,235,023	\$	4,049,695	\$	2,897,390	\$	3,044,885	\$	3,170,849	\$	3,292,379	\$	3,109,401	\$	3,240,354
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of assumptions

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30 on the three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2023

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation Rate

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Municipal Bond Index Rate

June 30, 2021

Entry age

2.5%

7.10%

2.13%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

Please refer to P. 181 of KPPA's 2022 Annual Report "Benefit Changes since the Prior Valuation".

Changes of assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on the actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from

MP2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.071561%	0.053275%	0.048823%	0.05125%	0.05125%	0.04900%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,777,000 \$	1,143,000 \$	1,232,000 \$	1,465,000 \$	1,778,000 \$	1,761,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	584,000	928,000	987,000	1,183,000	1,532,000	1,439,000
Total	\$ 2,361,000 \$	2,071,000 \$	2,219,000 \$	2,648,000 \$	3,310,000 \$	3,200,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,049,695 \$	2,897,390 \$	3,044,885 \$	3,170,849 \$	3,292,379 \$	3,109,401
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	43.88%	39.45%	40.46%	46.20%	54.00%	56.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.75%	39.05%	39.10%	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	29,000	12,000	30,000	27,000	26,000	19,000
Total	\$ 29,000 \$	12,000 \$	30,000 \$	27,000 \$	26,000 \$	19,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,049,695 \$	2,897,390 \$	3,044,885 \$	3,170,849 \$	3,292,379 \$	3,109,401
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	73.97%	71.57%	71.60%	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

		2023	_	2022	 2021	_	2020		2019		2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	91,790	\$	94,551	\$ 86,923	\$	83,198	\$	87,137	\$	91,286
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		91,790	_	94,551	 86,923		83,198		87,137		91,286
Contribution deficiency (excess)			_	-	 -		-			_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,235,023	\$	4,049,695	\$ 2,897,390	\$	3,044,885	\$	3,170,849	\$	3,292,379
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.17%		2.33%	3.00%		2.73%		2.75%		2.77%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u>-</u>	_	-	 -		<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_	-	 -	= =	-	= =	_	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,235,023	\$	4,049,695	\$ 2,897,390	\$	3,044,885	\$	3,170,849	\$	3,292,379
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN	-						
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.055786%	0.042142%	0.042432%	0.04213%	0.04420%	0.04492%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,100,747 \$	806,788 \$	1,024,604	\$ 708,675	784,762 \$	903,066
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	-	<u> </u>					
Total	\$	1,100,747	806,788	1,024,604	\$	\$\$	903,066
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,507,432 \$	1,117,967 \$	1,088,794	\$ 1,093,318	1,095,537 \$	1,107,002
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		73.02%	72.17%	94.10%	64.82%	71.63%	81.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Note: Information was not provided from prior year audit report to present comparative schedule.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2023

		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019	2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	63,919	\$	51,369 \$	40,554	\$	27,667	\$	23,835 \$	23,835
Contributions in relation to the contractually		63,919		51,369	40,554	<u> </u>	27,667	<u> </u>	23,835	23,835
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_	<u> </u>	-	: =	-			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,473,735	\$	1,507,432 \$	1,117,967	\$	1,088,794	\$	1,093,318 \$	1,095,537
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		4.34%		3.41%	3.63%		2.54%		2.18%	2.18%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

Note: Information was not provided from prior year audit report to present comparative schedule.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Health Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation 3%
Real Wage Growth 0.5%
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

Health Care Cost Trends

KEHP Group 7.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2029

MEHP Group 5.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2022

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.49% at June 30, 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2031

KEHP Group Claims The current KEHP premium is used as the base cost and is projected

Forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate

Subsidy is recognized).

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Life Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 27 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Inflation3%Real Wage Growth0.5%Wage Inflation3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Employees' Health Plan

Changes of Benefit Terms

Please refer to P. 181 of KPPA's 2022 Annual Report "Benefit Changes since the Prior Valuation".

Changes of Assumptions

None.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

20% of the difference between the market value of assets and Asset Valuation Method

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring **Amortization Period**

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience Mortality

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from

MP2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

Rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Phase-In Provision

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, and

> Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05 Over period of 14 years. The 2021 premiums were

Known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated

Into the liability measurement

Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 then Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% Over period of 13 years. The 2021 premiums were known At the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the Liability measurement. Additionally, Humana provided "Not to Exceed" 2022 Medicare premiums, which were Incorporated and resulted in an assumed 2.90% increase in

Medicare premiums at January 1, 2022

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Other Governmental Funds

Assets	 FSPK	. <u>-</u>	Capital Outlay		Special Revenue Student Activity	·	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenditures	\$ 279,048 4,017	\$ 	-	\$	126,382	\$	405,430 4,017
Total assets	 283,065	· <u>-</u>	-	= :	126,382	i	409,447
Fund Balances Restricted	 283,065	. <u>-</u>			126,382	i	409,447
Total fund balance	\$ 283,065	\$		\$	126,382	\$	409,447

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

Other Governmental Funds

	_							
	_	FSPK	_	Capital Outlay		Special Revenue Student Activity		Total
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	478,442	\$	-	\$	-	\$	478,442
Intergovernmental - state		232,790		61,944				294,734
Student activities			_			587,152		587,152
Total revenues		711,232	_	61,944	-	587,152		1,360,328
		,===	-	0.,0	•	00.,.02	•	.,000,020
Expenditures								
Instruction						543,269		543,269
Debt service		56,729				,		56,729
Building improvements		304,496						304,496
_ amamg mpre rememe	_		-				•	33.,.33
Total expenditures	_	361,225	_		-	543,269		904,494
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		350,007		61,944		43,883		455,834
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		(350,007)		(61,944)				(411,951)
Transiers (out)		(000,001)	-	(01,544)	•			(411,551)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(350,007)	-	(61,944)	-			(411,951)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		43,883		43,883
Fund Balance beginning	_	283,065	-	-	-	82,499	•	365,564
Fund Balance ending	\$ _	283,065	\$	-	\$	126,382	\$	409,447

Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds

June 30, 2023

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	PARIS INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOL	_	PARIS INDEPENDENT MIDDLE SCHOOL	 PARIS INDEPENDENT ELEMENTARY	-	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 76,169 76,169	<u> </u> \$	13,000 13,000	\$ 37,213 37,213	\$	126,382 126,382
FUND BALANCE School activities Total fund balance	\$ 76,169 76,169	- \$	13,000 13,000	\$ 37,213 37,213	\$	126,382 126,382

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance -School Activity Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS						
		PARIS INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOL		PARIS INDEPENDENT MIDDLE SCHOOL	PARIS INDEPENDENT ELEMENTARY		TOTALS
REVENUES				<u> </u>			
Student revenues	\$	490,407	\$	56,021	\$ 40,725	\$	587,153
Total revenues	_	490,407		56,021	40,725		587,153
EXPENDITURES							
Student activities		454,572		56,466	32,232		543,270
Total expenditures	_	454,572		56,466	32,232		543,270
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		35,835		(445)	8,493		43,883
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	40,334		13,445	28,720		82,499
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	76,169	\$	13,000	\$ 37,213	\$	126,382

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Paris Independent High School Year ended June 30, 2023

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
BASEBALL TEAM	\$ 1,480 \$	26,130 \$	27,395 \$	\$	214
BOYS BASKETBALL	1,374	35,749	23,723	(5,353)	8,048
FOOTBALL	0	64,293	55,669	302	8,926
10TH REGION COACHES GIRLS TRACK	31 143	1,465	2,343 2,692	2,500	1,653
GIRLS TRACK GIRLS BASKETBALL	3,659	3,927 19,624	13,894	253	1,379 9,642
GOLF	-	1,500	182	200	1,318
TENNIS	0	-	50	(13)	(62)
GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL SOCCER	255	2,132	1,938	(480)	(31)
BOWLING UNIFIED TRACK TEAM	3,162	8,361	10,663	(4)	860
BOYS TRACK TEAW	(0) 541	3,155	2,262	(4) (2,800)	(4) (1,366)
10TH RGION COACHES - GIRLS	1,283	1,600	1,698	100	1,285
ALTHLETIC FEES	92	290	-	-	383
SOFTBALL TEAM	920	81,216	70,376	2,000	13,760
PMS SOFTBALL	(0)	2.604	0.005	(4.600)	(0)
BOYS HIGH SCHOOL SOCCER CROSS COUNTRY	120 886	3,684 3,140	2,365 4,242	(4,680) 2,000	(3,240) 1,784
CONCESSIONS	65	-	-,2-72	2,000	65
ESPORTS	273	1,093	504		862
VOLLEYBALL	100	1,330	1,665	(760)	(995)
BUS DRIVER FUEL	-		- (170)		- 170
DISTRICT TOURNAMENT PRINCIPAL ACCOUNT	688	2,325	(170) 1,132	18	1,899
COUNSELOR'S FUND	23	2,020	1,132	10	23
BILL ARNSPARGER MEMORIAL	2,000	3,000	1,000		4,000
ZAMONADE SCHOLARSHIP	-	0,000	500		(500)
CARY BARR SPORTSMAN SCH	1,543		000		1,543
LIBRARY (BOOK FAIR)	33				33
CHROME BOOK REPAIR	1,276	75			1,351
ANN MITCHELL SCHOLARSHIP	-				-
GLOBAL GATEWAY AWARD CLASS OF 1967	126 0				126 0
J.K.G. FUND	1,202				1,202
PROM	1,704	3,698	2,579		2,824
CLASS OF 2020	-		282		(282)
ACADEMIC TEAM	51				51
BETA CLUB ACADEMY OF HEALTH AND SCIENCE	854 216	988	1,174		854 30
CHEERLEADERS	402	4,227	2,536	(100)	1,993
BAND	3,539	17,630	13,250	(2,678)	5,241
STUDENT GOVERNMENT	163			,	163
KEY CLUB	715	710	677	(0.700)	748
YEARBOOK STLP FUND	69 68	2,314		(2,700)	(317) 68
CULINARY	1,130	650	432		1,348
ARTS	724	333	.02		724
THEATER CLUB	-	1,000	81		919
SOFTBALL TRIP	(1)				(1)
CLASS OF 2023 NATIONAL HONOR SOCIETY	103 1,089		266		103 823
ARCHERY	851		200		851
BAND TRIP	479				479
F.F.A.	2,349	982	2,754		577
DUAL CRED - DIGITAL CONTEN	-	80			. == .
FAMILY RESOURCE CLASS OF 2022	1,284		30		1,254
SENIOR TRIP	43 0	40,288	43,443	3,464	43 310
DISASTER RELIEF	500	.0,200	10, 110	3, 13 .	500
MASK	-				-
MEDIA	-	1,957	200		1,757
ARAMARK CONCESSIONS FOOTBALL PLAYOFF GAME	-	137,600	137,600	(2 504)	-
ALL A TOURNAMENT	-	3,584 8,860	- 5,743	(3,584) (3,607)	(490)
FCA	-	600	554	(0,001)	46
FURNWOOD FARMS	771		3,471	2,700	(0)
C6 BLESSINGS-FRYSC	1,125		829		296
PATHFINDER AWARD (NORRIS)	832	4.450	4 200		832
START-UP CASH OFFICIALS	-	1,150	1,200 13,320	13,420	(50) 100
PARIS THEATER COMPANY	-	-	31	10, 120	100
	*				
Totals	\$ 40,334 \$	490,407 \$	454,572 \$	\$	76,169

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assisted Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipents	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	776000F 00	• •	NI/A (£1 505
Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 23		7760005 22 7760005 23	\$ - \$	N/A S	\$ 51,595 82,802
National School Lunch Program	10.555	1100003 25	_	IN/A	02,002
Fiscal Year 22	10.000	7750002 22	-	N/A	156,672
Fiscal Year 23		7750002 23	-	N/A	281,708
Fiscal Year 22		9980000 22	-	N/A	22,610
Fiscal Year 23		9980000 23	-	N/A	12,663
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal					608,050
Supper Program	10.558				
Fiscal Year 22		7790021 22	-	N/A	1,269
Fiscal Year 23		7790021 23	-	N/A	6,104
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					7,373
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 22	10.000	510.4950	-	N/A	38,971
Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs	10.649				
Fiscal Year 22		9990000 22	-	N/A	628
Total US Department of Agriculture					655,022
US Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	0400000 04		000 740	07.400
Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 23		3100002 21	-	368,743	67,196
riscai feai 23		3100002 22	-	388,800	362,618 429,814
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A				420,014
Fiscal Year 22		3810002 21	-	4,528	4,528
Fiscal Year 23		3810002 22	-	188,361	174,941
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173A				
Fiscal Year 22		3800002 21	-	11,728	5,000
Fiscal Year 23		3800002 22	-	11,999	14,826
Special Education Cluster Subtotal					199,295
Career and Technical Education	84.048				
Fiscal Year 22		3710002 21	-	14,981	1,950
Title IV Part A	84.424				
Fiscal Year 23		3420002 22	-	28,325	48,494
21st Century	84.287				
Fiscal Year 21	04.207	3400002 21	_	4,567	4,567
Fiscal Year 22		3400002 22	-	100,000	97,823
					102,390
GEAR UP KY	84.334S				
Fiscal Year 21		2300000357	-	N/A	105
Teacher Quality	84.367A				
Fiscal Year 23	0 1.00771	3230002 23	-	174,631	127,050
				,	,,
* CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund GEER-COVID-19	84.425C				
Fiscal Year 20		4000002 20	-	50,000	43,152
* COVID-19- CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund ESSER	84.425D				
Fiscal Year 21 * COVID-19- ARP ESSER	84.425U	4000002 21	-	1,246,893	1,926
Fiscal Year 21	04.4230	4300002-21	_	2,688,110	1,103,611
Personnel MOA		2200004270	-	141,759	129,843
Deeper Learning		4300005-21	-	31,936	9,141
Educational Stabilization Fund Subtotal				•	1,287,673
Total US Department of Education					2,196,771
II C. December of the life and thomas C.					
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ARPA Child Care Sustainment	02 575				
Fiscal Year 22	93.575	562IP		75,000	7,527
Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 23		562JP	-	75,000 75,000	7,527 116,629
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		3020F	-	73,000	124,156
,					-,,
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards					\$ 2,975,949
* Major programs					

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Paris Independent School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Paris Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$38,971.

NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Paris Independent School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit /Contract and requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paris Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paris Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Paris Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paris Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Paris Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the the first paragraph of this section and and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 and 2023-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Paris Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Paris Independent School District in a separate letter dated January 22, 2024.

Paris Independent School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Paris Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Paris Independent School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky January 22, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Paris Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Paris Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Paris Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Paris Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Paris Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Paris Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Paris Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Paris Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Paris Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Paris Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Paris Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paris Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to

be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky January 22, 2024

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed?	Yes
If so, were any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	No
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed	No
for major programs?	INO
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed	
for major programs that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported
What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that	
is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?	No
Major Programs Educational Stabilization Funds [ALN 84.425C, 84.	.425D, 84.425U]
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs	\$750,000
Low risk auditee?	Yes

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

REFERENCE NUMBER 2023-001 Internal Controls Over Financial Accounting and the Use of District Funds

Condition: The District accumulated all construction costs under one (1) project but had three (3) Buildings and Grounds (BG-1) approvals. Additionally, a misclassification of other fund expenditures were recorded in the Construction Fund.

Criteria: The District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure proper recording and prevent improper use of funds.

Cause: Failure at the authorization level to properly classify expenditures by fund and construction project.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Effect: Accounting for each project's cost was undeterminable and other funds expenditures were misclassified.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review the procedures and processes regarding fiscal management to enhance its internal control policies to ensure all projects are properly accounted for and District funds are spent according to their designated purposes.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The District is reviewing processes and procedures to enhance the internal controls over district funds. The Paris Board of Education will continue to review/approve all expenditures paid out of the district funds, namely Fund 320 and will begin using the Capital Funds Request (CFR) in July 2024. The construction fund has been updated to reflect each individual project. All expenditures will be properly accounted for and recorded in the corresponding individual project.

REFERENCE NUMBER 2023-002 Internal Controls Over Payments to Employees

Condition: Payroll expense was misclassified.

Criteria: The District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure accurate classification of employees.

Cause: The District paid through accounts payable Board approved extra service pay at the request of the employee as a donation to a school activity. Additionally, the District misclassified the "District Health Coordinator/Nurse" as an independent contractor.

Effect: Failure to properly classify and report earnings.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review the procedures and monitoring processes in place to properly record and prevent the misclassification of payroll expenses.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The District has hired a new finance officer and the district personnel will work cooperatively between AP and payroll to ensure that all employees are paid solely through payroll.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

There were no prior year findings.



Paris City Schools

310 West 7th Street, Paris, KY 40361 Phone 859-987-2160 Fax 859-987-6749 #ParisPride



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

January 22, 2024

Kentucky Department of Education

Paris Independent School District respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2023.

White & Associates, PSC 1407 Lexington Road Richmond, KY 40475

Audit period: July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

The findings from the schedule of findings and questioned costs issued January 22, 2024, is discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCIES

REFERENCE NUMBER 2023-001 Internal Controls Over Use of District Funds

Recommendation: We recommend the District review the procedures and processes regarding fiscal management to enhance its internal control policies to ensure all projects are properly accounted for and District funds are spent according to their designated purposes.

Management Response to the Recommendation and Corrective Action Taken: The district is reviewing processes and procedures to enhance the internal controls over district funds. The Paris Board of Education will continue to review/approve all expenditures paid out of the district funds, namely Fund 320 and will begin using the Capital Funds Request (CFR) in July 2024. The construction fund has been updated to reflect each individual project. All expenditures will be properly accounted for and recorded in the corresponding individual project.

Paris Board of Education

BEFERENCE NUMBER 2023-002 Internal Controls Over Payments to Employees

Recommendation: We recommend the District review the procedures and monitoring processes in place to properly record and prevent the misclassification of payroll expenses.

Management Response to the Recommendation and Corrective Action Taken: The district has hired a new finance officer and the district personnel will work cooperatively between AP and payroll to ensure that all employees are paid solely through payroll.

If the Kentucky Department of Education has questions regarding this plan, please call Stephen McCauley, Superintendent, at 859-987-2160.

Sincerely yours,

Stephen McCauley



MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Paris Independent School District Paris, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Paris Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated January 22, 2024. This letter does not affect our report dated January 22, 2024, on the financial statements of the Paris Independent School District. The following schools have condition(s) noted below:

PARIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

1-23

Statement of Condition: Activity Fund accounts ended the fiscal year (June 30) with a deficit balance (Elementary, High School, and Middle).

Recommendation for Correction: Monies can be transferred between activity fund accounts, as long as money generated by the students goes back to benefiting the students. Monies generated for a specific purpose must be spent on the intended purpose. Any monies transferred to cover deficit balances shall be reimbursed by the deficit account when funds become available. Closer monitoring of activity fund account ending balances before signing off on purchase orders will decrease the chances of accounts becoming deficit.

Management Response to the Recommendation: Management will monitor activity accounts closer to prevent deficit balances.

<u>2-23</u>

Statement of Condition: Receipts are being written to the account or vendor instead of the person turning the money in.

Recommendation for Correction: Receipts should be written to the person who turns the money in and signs the Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6).

Management Response to the Recommendation: The district uses EPES to issue receipts for student activity accounts. Management will ensure the name of the person who turns in the money and signs the MRF is listed in the EPES Receipts program.

All prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Stephen McCauley, Superintendent, is the person responsible for initiation of the corrective action plan for the above conditions which will

be implemented immediately, if any. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition.

To help the District continue to provide quality financial statements we have highlighted and communicated a few immaterial items that we documented that need no management response. The district is encouraged to ensure proper documentation and support is maintained for all financial activity and filed orderly for timely review upon request, the cash reconciliation is balanced each reporting period, board approval is documented and granted timely within the proper period, and the cash and fund balance for scholarship(s) are tracked and reconciled to the financial statements.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer and their department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky January 22, 2024